

# The bailiff system in the Netherlands

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## Civil enforcement Agents

- Judicial Officer /bailiff (gerechtsdeurwaarder);
- Taks officer (belastingdeurwaarder);
- Public notary;
- Certain government bodies (municipality, maintenance recovery bureau).

#### Judicial officer I

- Civil servant, not employed by the government (private system);
- ± 630 (Assigned) Judicial Officers and candidates;
- Appointed by the King (minister of justice);
- Authorised within the Netherlands (European part);
- Exclusive authority regarding assigned duties;
- Undertakes non-administrative activities.

### Judicial officer II

Service of documents (writs);

- Execution of enforceable titles;
- a) Attachments of goods
- b) Garnishment of bank assets
- c) Garnishment of income
- d) Execution against property (evictions)

## Support

- Registers:
- domicile register
- register of income
- attachment register (KBvG)
- Banking information (limited)
- Vehicle registration (vehicle authority)
- Kadaster (public)
- Police

## Earnings

Bailiffs' Fees Decree (Btag) →
Based on the costs + a reasonable profit

- Prices are negociated freely (Market forces);
- Set prices for debtor ("pollutor pays")

Competition (on price) increases efficiency

#### Education

- 4 year LL.B-program (University of applied sciences in Utrecht);
- 1 year Traineeship (builds towards entrepreneurship);

Permanent education

## Appointment

- Completion of LLB-program + Traineeship;
- Business plan (recommendation Committee of Experts);
- Advice KBvG and Financial Supervision Office;
- Check previous disciplinary measures;
- Recommendation of good conduct.

#### **KBvG**

#### Royal Professional Association of Judicial Officers

- Public body (art. 134 Dutch Constitution);
- Established 2001 (Gerechtsdeurwaarderswet);
- Compulsory membership of all judicial officers;
- "Mini-democracy" with a Board, a Council of Members and a General Meeting (+ secretariat);
- Power to formulate and promulgate bylaws.

## oversight

- Disciplinary court (chamber of judicial officers);
- Financial Supervision Office (third-party funds);
- Auditing ("Normen voor Kwaliteit"-bylaw);
- Ombudsman;
- Data Protection Authority.

## Disciplinary measures

- 1. No punishment
- 2. Warning
- 3. Reprimand
- 4. Fine (up to €20500,-)
- 5. Deny assignment
- 6. Suspension (up to 1 year)
- 7. Removal from office



